

PRILIPKO, T.I., kand.med.nauk; SHUMADA, I.V., kand.med.nauk (Kiyev)

Nikolai Ivanovich Pirogov. Vrach.delo no.12:1321-1324 D '56.

(MIRA 12:10)

(PIROGOV, NIKOLAI IVANOVICH, 1810-1881)

PRILIPKO, T.I., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; SERDYUK, P.P.

Analysis of injuries and their prevention among miners of the
Lvov-Volyn' coal basin. Ortop., travm. i protez. 22 no. 3: 46-48
'61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Iz Ukrainского nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta ortopedii
i travmatologii (dir. - dots. I.P. Alekseyenko, nauchnyy rukovo-
ditel' - chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR prof. F.R. Bogdanov), Kiyev.
(LVOV-VOLYN' BASIN--COAL MINERS--DISEASES AND HYGIENE)

PRILIPKO, T.I.

Therapeutic use of antitreticular cytotoxic serum combined with
Matsesta baths. Medych.zhur. 16:488-496 '47. (MIRA 10:12)

1. Z Ukraini'kogo tsentral'nogo institutu travmatologii ta ortopedii
Ministerstva okhoroni zdorov'ya URSR.
(SERUM THERAPY) (SOCHI-MATSESTA--MINERAL WATERS)
(OSTEOMYELITIS)

AP74-85 SMT(1)/EPC(1)/EEO(1)-2/EWA(h) Pq-1/Pq-4/Pq-1/Pob/P1-4/P1-4

ACCESSION NR: AP5011878

UR/0120/65/000/002/0094/0100

AUTHOR: Gavrish, P. P.; Denisov, Yu. N.; Komissarov, A. G.;
Lachinov, V. M.; Prilipko, V. I.; Susov, Yu. I.; Shishlyannikov, P. T.

TITLE: Wide-range automatic electronic-counter frequency meter

SOURCE: Priboiy i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 2, 1965, 94-100

TOPIC TAGS: frequency meter, electronic frequency meter

ABSTRACT: An electronic-counter-type frequency meter is described which is intended for measuring the frequency of sinusoidal or pulse signals within the 0.1-100-Mc range. Measurements can be made either automatically every 5-30 sec or sporadically by pushbutton. The digital-type instrument operates from 0.05-1 v at its input, displays the results on decade tubes, and can also deliver a binary-decimal code suitable for computers. The frequency meter can be used not only for direct frequency measurement but also in conjunction with a nuclear

Card 1/2

L 47074-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5011878

magnetometer for precision measurement of magnetic field strength. A block diagram and circuit diagrams of the amplifier, a 1-Mc reference crystal oscillator, a cold-cathode-tube relaxation generator, frequency dividers, counter decades, an output-to-printer unit, and a clock-frequency decade unit are presented. Orig. art. has: 7 figures and 1 formula. [03]

ASSOCIATION: Ob'yednannyy institut yadernykh issledovaniy (Joint Institute of Nuclear Research)

SUBMITTED: 06Mar64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: EC

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 000

ATD PRESS: 4001

bis
Card 2/2

L 2456-66 EWT(1)/EWA(h)

ACCESSION NR: AP5021336

UR/0120/65/000/004/0083/0090
621.382.2/.3:621.374.32

47
46
13

AUTHOR: Denisov, Yu. N.; Lachinov, V. M.; Prilipko, V. I.

TITLE: High-speed counter circuits using transistors and tunnel diodes

SOURCE: Pribery i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 4, 1965, 83-90

TOPIC TAGS: pulse counting, frequency divider, tunnel diode, counting circuit

ABSTRACT: A description is given of several high-speed time-interval and frequency counter circuits. These include: 1) a transistorized decade counter. Transistor cutoff frequency is 200 Mc, and current gain is 60—80. The maximum counting rate is 30 Mc. 2) A five-stage ring circuit. The circuit utilizes series-connected tunnel diodes to form a decade counter capable of 180—200 Mc counting rate. However, a $\pm 5\%$ change in bias voltage disrupts counter operation. 3) A hybrid transistor-tunnel diode decade counter. Counting rate can be as high as 180—200 Mc. The components, however, must be preselected with an accuracy of 1%. 4) A decoder-indicator circuit. The circuit employs IN-1 or IN-2 indicator tubes with firing voltage of 135 v and extinction potential of not less than 110 v. The transistors act simultaneously as tube control elements and decoders of decade-counter infor-

Card 1/2

L 2456-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5021336

mation. 5) A synch pulse generator for extension of the useful range of oscilloscopes with a 150-Mc bandwidth. Nanosecond pulses with 20-kc repetition rate are generated. Orig. art. has: 11 figures and 2 formulas. [BD]

ASSOCIATION: Ob"yedinennyy institut yadernykh issledovaniy, Dubna (Joint Institute of Nuclear Research)

SUBMITTED: 19Jun64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: EC

NO REF SOV: 001

OTHER: 004

ATD PRESS: 4106

B/K

Card 2/2

L 06124-67 EWT(1)

ACC NR: AP6022005

SOURCE CODE: UR/0120/66/000/007/0107/0114

AUTHOR: Denisov, Yu. N.; Komissarov, A. G.; Prilipko, V. I.; Susov, Yu. I.; Shishlyannikov, P. T.

ORG: Joint Nuclear Research Institute, Dubna (Ob'yedinenny institut yadernykh issledovaniy, Dubna)

TITLE: Electron-counting system for stabilizing frequency of r-f oscillators 25

SOURCE: Pribery 1 tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 3, 1966, 107-114

TOPIC TAGS: rf oscillator, electronic oscillator, frequency stability

ABSTRACT: The development of a new apparatus is reported which automatically sets and maintains the frequency of an oscillator within 0.001% in a 1--100 Mc band. The time Δt_r necessary for filling a counting decade (1 through 6, adjustable) register with the pulses recurring at a frequency f_x is compared with a reference time interval Δt_r . The comparison results in an error signal which adjusts, through a feedback channel, the parameters of the oscillatory circuit in such a way that $f_x = N/\Delta t_r$, where N is the number of pulses required for filling the register. The register capacity varies due to clearing (before each filling) not to zero, but to $N' = N_m - N$, where N_m is the maximum capacity of the register. Thus, when N' varies, f_x also varies always remaining $f_x = (N_m - N')/\Delta t_r$. The frequency error is corrected

Cord1/2

UDC:621.373.023:621.373.078.6

L 06124-67

ACC NR: AP6022005

"coarsely" by a servomotor-operated main capacitor of the oscillatory circuit and "finely" by an additional varicap in the same circuit. If the reference time interval is 1 sec, the value of $N_m - N'$ is in cps. In NMR apparatus, the value of $N_m - N'$ can be expressed directly in teslas or oersteds. The frequency stabilizing system is designed for a 1--10-Mc band (or 0.0235--0.2350 teslas). An additional high-speed decade is used to widen the frequency band to 100 Mc (or 2.35 tl). Principal circuit diagrams of the apparatus and its component parts are explained. Orig. art. has: 9 figures and 5 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20, 09 / SUBM DATE: 08Jun65 / ORIG REF: 002

Card 2/2 *LC*

PRILIPKO, Yu.L., starshiy inzhener-leytenant

Visiting brigades from the laboratory for measuring equipment.

Vest.protivovozd.obor. no.12:19-20 D '61.

(MIRA 15:3)

(Measuring instruments--Testing)

PRILIPSKOY, P., kapitan

Our guard duty practice. Voenn. vest. 42 no.5:67-68 My '63.
(MIRA 16:5)

(Russia--Army--Guard duty)

BOGBANOVA, Ye.N.; PRILIPUKHOVA, N.F. (Leningrad)

Some characteristics of the reactivity in epileptic children. Zhur.
nevr. i psikh. 65 no.7:1100 '65. (MIRA 18:7)

PRILUTSKAYA, M. V., Candidate of Chem Sci (diss) -- "The chloromethylation of simple esters of the dihydroxybenzenes and certain transformations of their chloromethyl derivatives". Vil'nyus, 1959. 30 pp (Min Higher Educ USSR, Vil'nyus State U im V. Kapsukas, Chem Faculty), 150 copies (KL, No 20, 1959, 169)

BLOKHIN, V.N.; GRIGOR'YEV, M.G.; KOZHEVNIKOV, A.I.; KOROLEV, B.A.; MATYUSHIN,
I.F.; PARIN, B.V.; TSIMKHES, I.L.; KALININA, G.V.; FEDOROV, A.M.;
KOLOKOL'TSEV, M.V.; SOKOLOV, V.V.; PRILUCHNAYA, O.A.; SEUMILKINA,
Ye.I.; ABRAMOV, Yu.G.; RYURIKOV, A.Kh.; IKONNIKOV, P.I.; VOZNESENSKIY,
I.Ya.; TEPOV, S.V.; MIZINOV, N.N.; KUKOSH, V.I.

V.M.Durmashkin; obituary. Ortop., travm. i protez. 21 no.8:81 Ag
'60. (MIRA 13:11)

(DURMASHKIN, VIKTOR MARKOVICH, d. 1960)

PADRADINA, L.I.; GUDINA, A.M. [Hudina, A.M.]; PREL'TSKAYA, L.N.
[Pryluts'ka, L.N.], studentka

Effect of some biologically active substances on the enzyme
activity of regenerating tissues. Ukr. biokhim. zhur. 35 no.2:
282-293 '63. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Institute of Biochemistry of the Academy of Sciences of the
Ukrainian S.S.R. Kiev.

PRILUTNIYAYA, N. I.

Cond. tech. Sci.

Dissertation: "Physicochemical Indexes and Exploitation Properties of Polyester Kersay." Moscow Technological Inst of Light Industry named L.N. Kharashevich, 1947.

SO: Vechernyaya Moskva, May, 1947 (Project #17836)

R-II-10

OC

Anticorrosive treatment of metal used in the
boot industry. K. K. GAVRINOV and N. L. FILUTY.
KASA (Kosh. Obzorn. Prom., 1939, No. 2, 17-18).
Corrosion of Fe wire and tacks embedded in leather,
with resultant deterioration of the leather by corrosion
products, is prevented by coating with various metals;
the effectiveness of the coatings is in the order $Ni <$
 $Zn = Cd < Cu$. Brass wire is not corroded.
R. T.

ASB-ELA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

SECTION	SUBSECTION	CLASSIFICATION
1	1	1
2	2	2
3	3	3
4	4	4
5	5	5
6	6	6
7	7	7
8	8	8
9	9	9
10	10	10
11	11	11
12	12	12
13	13	13
14	14	14
15	15	15
16	16	16
17	17	17
18	18	18
19	19	19
20	20	20
21	21	21
22	22	22
23	23	23
24	24	24
25	25	25
26	26	26
27	27	27
28	28	28
29	29	29
30	30	30
31	31	31
32	32	32
33	33	33
34	34	34
35	35	35
36	36	36
37	37	37
38	38	38
39	39	39
40	40	40
41	41	41
42	42	42
43	43	43
44	44	44
45	45	45
46	46	46
47	47	47
48	48	48
49	49	49
50	50	50
51	51	51
52	52	52
53	53	53
54	54	54
55	55	55
56	56	56
57	57	57
58	58	58
59	59	59
60	60	60
61	61	61
62	62	62
63	63	63
64	64	64
65	65	65
66	66	66
67	67	67
68	68	68
69	69	69
70	70	70
71	71	71
72	72	72
73	73	73
74	74	74
75	75	75
76	76	76
77	77	77
78	78	78
79	79	79
80	80	80
81	81	81
82	82	82
83	83	83
84	84	84
85	85	85
86	86	86
87	87	87
88	88	88
89	89	89
90	90	90
91	91	91
92	92	92
93	93	93
94	94	94
95	95	95
96	96	96
97	97	97
98	98	98
99	99	99
100	100	100

10A

29

Shrinkage of uppers made of Russian leather. N. I. Filitskaya. *Ko zhivnoe (Zhivnaya Prom.)* 18, No. 5, 21-3 (1930). Russian leather chrome-tanned and then treated with a mixt. of 30% willow and 70% oak ext., limed and retted, was stuffed with (I) fish oil 30, lard 30, tar 25 and degas 15%, or (II) fish oil 45, suet 35, paraffin 10 and tar 10%. Strips of the leather containing moisture 12-14, 20 and 100% were stretched at a load of 0.5 kg./sq. mm. Leather stuffed with II gave lower swelling and higher residual deformation. The leather should be moistened before stretching to increase the residual deformation. The leather should be dried on rods or frames; this produces a greater residual deformation. A. A. Tsvetkovsk

AS 50.51.4 DETALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

29

Reasons for the softening of plastic leather shoe soles in yulfs footwear and working out remedies for the elimination of softening. K. K. Gavrikov, N. L. Pridutskaya, A. A. Pechin, P. P. Dugayev, V. M. Klyuev, V. G. Savkin, N. I. Barmov and I. G. Shapiro-Pyatetskii. *Trudy Nauch.-Issledovatel. Inst. Kozhevno-Obuvnoy Prom. Shornik-Rabot* No. 13, 77-101 (1940). The softening of the sole prep. from plastic leather was caused by the fat present in the yulfs leather as well as by the rubber cement used in attaching of the sole to the shoe. The fat in the yulfs leather originated from the fat-liquoring of the leather. The following ingredients affect the plastic leather sole in decreasing order: fat, train oil, mineral oil, fat and sulfonated train oil. The fat resistance of the plastic leather depends to a great extent upon the type of rubber in the sole, synthetic rubber being more fat-stable than natural rubber. A. A. Boeshling

ca

29

Fillers used in sole leather. N. L. Prilutskaya. *Kozhevennno-Obuvnaya Prom. S. S. R. 10, No. 3, 7-8 (1940).*—Fillers of glucose, MgO and oak ext. in the ratio of 4:1:2 gave leather a better appearance, but poorer water resistance. The expts. are described and results are tabulated. A. A. Boshchinsk

ASM-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
A										B										C										D										E										F										G										H										I										J										K										L										M										N										O										P										Q										R										S										T										U										V										W										X										Y										Z																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
1										2										3										4										5										6										7										8										9										10										11										12										13										14										15										16										17										18										19										20										21										22										23										24										25										26										27										28										29										30										31										32										33										34										35										36										37										38										39										40										41										42										43										44										45										46										47										48										49										50										51										52										53										54										55										56										57										58										59										60										61										62										63										64										65										66										67										68										69										70										71										72										73										74										75										76										77										78										79										80										81										82										83										84										85										86										87										88										89										90										91										92										93										94										95										96										97										98										99										100									
A										B										C										D										E										F										G										H										I										J										K										L										M										N										O										P										Q										R										S										T										U										V										W										X										Y										Z																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
1										2										3										4										5										6										7										8										9										10										11										12										13										14										15										16										17										18										19										20										21										22										23										24										25										26										27										28										29										30										31										32										33										34										35										36										37										38										39										40										41										42										43										44										45										46										47										48										49										50										51										52										53										54										55										56																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	

1. PRILUTSKAYA, N. L.
2. USSR (600)
4. Shoe Industry
7. Determination of the quality of sole rubber according to the diagram of stretch.
Leg. prom. no. 12, 1952.
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 1953. Unclassified.

LAPIN, N.N., dots.; PRILUTSKAYA, N.S.

Rapid method of detecting arsenic in cast iron and carbon steel.
Sborn.nauch.trud. Zhdan.met.inst. no.4:216-221 '57. (MIHA 11:11)
(Metals--Analysis)
(Volumetric analysis) (Arsenic)

SOV/137-58-8-18123

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 8, p 273 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Lapin, N. N., Prilutskaya, N. S.

TITLE: Rapid Method of Determination of Arsenic in Cast Iron and Carbon Steels (Uskorennyy metod opredeleniya mysh'yaka v chugunnykh i uglerodistykh stalyakh)

PERIODICAL: Sb. nauchn. tr. Zhdanovsk. metallurg. in-t, 1957, Nr 4, pp 216 - 221

ABSTRACT: The method of determination of As is based on the combination of the process of dissolution of the specimen and the simultaneous distillation of AsCl_3 into a receiving vessel where it is titrated with KMnO_4 in the presence of Sb^{3+} . Into the distillation flask 30 g of FeCl_3 , 5 - 7 g of cuprous chloride, 2 - 3 g of the iron (steel) are introduced, 15 cc of concentrated HCl are added, the mixture is heated, and after 10 - 15 min 15 cc of HCl are added, continuing the distillation for 25 - 35 min. 5 min before the completion of the distillation 10 more cc of HCl are added. The AsCl_3 is absorbed by ice water. To the distillate are added a known amount of Sb^{3+} sulfate,

Card 1/2 50 cc of H_2SO_4 (1:2), and 2 drops of methyl orange. It is

SOV/137-58-8-18123

Rapid Method of Determination of Arsenic in Cast Iron and Carbon Steels

then titrated with KMnO_4 . The calculation is done by the formula, $\% \text{As} = (V \cdot T - A) \cdot 100/a$, where a is the weight of the specimen; V is the number of cc of the solution of KMnO_4 used in the titration; T is the titer of the KMnO_4 solution expressed in As; A is the amount of As corresponding to the solution of Sb^{3+} sulfate added. The error of determination of As in the standard specimens Nrs 199, 64, and 57 using 1 - 2-g samples constituted 0.22 - 3.10%. Iodometric determination is possible only with the use of refined Na bicarbonate.

1. Cast iron--Test methods 2. Steel--Test
methods 3. Arsenic--Determination

Z. G.

Card 2/2

85377

5.1190 also 2209

S/081/60/000/017/015/016
A006/A001

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Khimiya, 1960. No. 17, p. 612, # 72080

AUTHORS: Yakhnevskiy, G.L., Prilutskaya, N.V.

TITLE: Catalytic Copolymerization of Cyclopentadiene With Alkyd Resins
Modified by Oils

PERIODICAL: Tr. Khar'kovsk. politekhn. in-ta, 1959. Vol. 26, pp. 123-131

TEXT: The authors studied the process of copolymerization¹ of cyclopentadiene (I) with alkyd resins (II) modified by oils. It was established that with a higher concentration of the catalyst (stannic chloride, III) the reaction is more intensive and heat liberation is greater. At a concentration of III equal to 0.9-1% of the total weight of the mixture, self-heating attains the boiling temperature of the solvent. Viscosity of the copolymer solutions obtained increases with higher concentration of III. Polymerization of I in the presence of complexes III with acetic acid proceeds more rapidly than in the presence of III, particularly at the initial stage. The effect of the acidity of II on the copolymerization process was studied on the example of II with various acidity

Card 1/2

85377

S/081/60/000/017/015/016
A006/A001

Catalytic Copolymerization of Cyclopentadiene With Alkyd Resins Modified by Oils

numbers. It is shown that in copolymerization of I with II, a great effect on the bonding rate is exerted by the amount of free phthalic anhydride contained in II. The highest reaction rate is observed in the case when the III: phthalic anhydride ratio is 1 : 0.5. The authors studied the effect of the fatness of II and the nature of oil on the copolymerization rate. When using resins of lower fatness, a higher reaction rate is observed. A technological process is suggested for obtaining copolymers I - II in the presence of III, as a result of which viscous liquids are developed producing fast drying films which show good adhesion, hardness and elasticity.

L. Fayman

Translator's note: This is the full translation of the original Russian abstract.

Card 2/2

PRILUTSKAYA, N. V., Candidate Tech Sci (diss) -- "On the interaction of cyclopentadiene with alkydic tars". Khar'kov, 1959. 18 pp (Min Higher Educ Ukr SSR, Khar'kov Polytech Inst im V. I. Lenin), 150 copies (KL, No 24, 140)

YUKHNOVSKIY, G.L.; PRILUTSKAYA, N.V.

Properties of copolymer films from cyclopentadiene with vegetable oils.
Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; Khim. i khim.tekh. 1 no.5:100-106 '58.

(MIRA 12:2)

1. Khar'kovskiy politekhnicheskiy institut, kafedra tekhnologii lakov
i krasok.

(Cyclopentadiene) (Polymers) (Films (Chemistry))

5(1, 3)

AUTHORS:

Yukhnovskiy, G. L., Prilutakaya, N. V.

SOV/153-58-5-17/28

TITLE:

On the Properties of Copolymer Films on the Basis of Cyclopentadiene With Vegetable Oils (O svoystvakh plenok sopolimera na osnove tsiklopentadiyena s rastitel'nyimi maslami)

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Khimiya i khimicheskaya tekhnologiya, 1958, Nr 5, pp 100-106 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Most foreign patents concerning the film forming copolymers of cyclopentadiene with vegetable oils, alkyd resins, colophonium etc. recommend a temperature of 200-300° and the application of pressure during copolymerization. The products obtained in this way form rapidly drying films of high hardness and gloss, these films are, however, not sufficiently elastic and resistant to shocks. In an earlier paper (Ref 1) the authors had proved that it is possible to obtain a product meeting high requirements by the catalytic copolymerization of cyclopentadiene with e. g. linseed oil and alkyd resins (1 : 1) in the presence of stannic chloride (0.8-1 per cent by weight). This catalyst is dissolved in benzene or dichloro ethane. The copolymer produced in this way is soluble in chlorinated and aromatic hydrocarbons, turpentine, acetone, sulfuric ether and mineral spirits et c.

Card 1/3

On the Properties of Copolymer Films on the Basis of Cyclopentadiene With Vegetable Oils

NOV/153-58-0-11/28

ratio of 1 : 1. Excess solvents lead to an opalescence of turbidity. The film is highly glossy, irreversible, is characterized by an excellent adhesion, and has a high elasticity of 1 mm according to the NIILK scale (Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut lakokrasochnoy promyshlennosti = Scientific Research Institute of Lacquer and Dye Industry). Its hardness is considerably higher than that of oil paint coats. The highest hardness is, however, not obtained immediately (Fig 1, Table 1). The comparative investigation of cold and hot dried films has shown that the better quality of the former (Table 3) is caused by a considerably lower content of oxygen (Table 2). Oxygen is mainly taking part in processes of oxypolymerization only. In cold dried films a considerable amount of oxygen is added during longer drying. Thus, besides copolymers low molecular oxygen containing compounds are formed which are not water-tight and have a low mechanical strength. 2) The fractionation of the copolymer and the investigation of the isolated fractions (Fig 2) has shown that it really is a copolymer and not a mixture of polycyclopentadiene with vegetable oil. 3) It was proved that tin tetrachloride which was used in the copolymerization as

Card 2/3

SOV/153-58-5-11/28

On the Properties of Copolymer Films on the Basis of Cyclopentadiene With Vegetable Oils

catalyst remains back in the copolymer as well as in the film without influencing the water-tightness and other properties of the films. There are 2 figures, 3 tables, and 11 references, 6 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Khar'kovskiy politekhnicheskiy institut, Kafedra tekhnologii lakov i krasok (Khar'kov Polytechnical Institute, Chair of Lacquers and Dyes)

SUBMITTED: December 13, 1957

Card 3/3

GOL'DBERG, K.M.; GEL'FANDEYN, N.M.; FAL'KOVICH, M.M.; PRILUTSKAYA, N.V.;
Prinimala uchastiye: GALAGAN, Ye.M.

Automatic control of the process of alcoholysis in the manufacture
of alkyd resins. Lakokras.mat. i ikh prim. no.1:75-78 '60.
(MIRA 14:4)

(Alkyd resins)

(Alcoholysis)

YUKHNOVSKIY, G.I.; PRILUTSKAYA, N.V.; CHERNOBAY, A.V.

Copolymerization of cyclopentadiene with vegetable oils.

Zhur. prikl. khim. 31 no.7:1091-1100 J1 '58. (MIRA 11:9)

(Polymerization) (Cyclopentadiene) (Oils and fats)

PRILUTSKAYA, Yo.P.

Use of chemical fibers in lace and curtain fabrics. Tekst.
prom. 19 no.1:50-51 Ja '59. (MIRA 12:1)
(Textile fibers, Synthetic) (Lace and lacemaking)

PRILUTSKIY, A.L.

Individualized aural inserts for hearing aids. Zhur. ush., 1 gorl.
bol. 20 no.6:87-88 N-D '60. (MLAA 15:2)

1. Iz kabineta slukhovogo protezirovaniya 1-y gorodskoy klinicheskoy
bol'nitsy g. Vinnitsy. (HEARING AIDS)

PRILUTSKI[✓], A.V.

Osvoenie malykh rek. /Making the lesser rivers navigable/. Moskva, Goslestezhizdat, 1945. 73 p., illus (Soinzlesproekt).

SO: Soviet Transportation and Communication, A Bibliography, Library of Congress, Reference Department, Washington, 1952, Unclassified.

FRILUTSKIY, A. V.

Vodnyy Transport Leca, [Water Transport of Russia] Moskva, Gosizdatmash, 1968.
383p. tables. diagrs. Bibliography is at the end of chapters.

H/5
7.9.12
.F9

PRILUTSKIY, A. V.

391

Tekhnika bezopasnosti na lesoplave. (Uchebnik duja lesotekhn Teknikov).
M.-L, Goslesbumizdat, 1954, 176s. s ill. 22sm. 10,000Ekz. 4r. 85K. V per.
(54-5555) p
634.982.54:658.283

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis', Vol. 1, 1955

PRILUTSKIY, Aleksey Vasil'yevich; MYAGKOV, V.A., redaktor; SHAKHOVA,
L.I., redaktor; SHITS, V.P., tekhnicheskii redaktor.

[Floating of timber] Splav lesa. Moskva, Goslesbumizdat.No.3
[Rafting points and mechanisms] Splotechnye reidy i mekhanizmy.
1955. 81 p. (MLRA 9:5)
(Lumber--Transportation)

MUCHNIK, Samuil Yakovlevich; PANOV, Nikolay Nikolayevich; PRILUTSKIY, A.V.,
redaktor; YEPISHKINA, A.V., redaktor izdatel'stva; SHITS, V.P.,
tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Controlling floating channels] Regulirovanie splavnoi trassy.
Moskva, Goslesbumizdat, 1955. 239 p. (MLRA 9:7)
(Hydraulic engineering) (Lumbering)

PRILUTSKIY, Aleksey Vasil'yevich; MYAGKOV, V.A., redaktor; SIDEL'NIKOVA, L.A.,
redaktor izdatel'stva; KOLESHNIKOVA, A.P., tekhnicheskij redaktor

[Timber floats] Splav lesa. Moskva, Goslesbumizdat. No.4. [Lifting
lumber from the water and loading it on barges. Long-distance, sea,
and lake floats] Vygruzka drevesiny iz vody i pogruzka ee v suda.
Magistral'nyi morskoi i ozernyi splav. 1956. 93 p. (MLRA 10:1)
(Lumber--Transportation) (Waterways)

VASIL'YEV, A.V.; GULISASHVILI, V.Z., akademik; DOLUKHANOV, A.G.; MANDZHAVIDZE, D.V.; MATIKASHVILI, V.I.; MAKHATADZE, L.B.; MIRZASHVILI, V.I.; ODISHARIYA, K.N.; PRILIPKO, L.I.; RUKHADZE, P.Ye.; SAKHOZIA, M.F.; SKHIYERELI, V.S.; AVALIANI, N.M., red.izd-va; TODUA, A.R., tekhnred.

[Dendroflora of the Caucasus; wild and cultivated trees and shrubs]
Dendroflora Kavkaza; dikorastushchie i kul'turnye derev'ia i kustarniki. Tbilisi. Vol.1. [Gymnospermae. Chlamydospermae. Angiospermae - Monocotyledonae] Gymnospermae - golosemennye. Chlamydospermae - pokrovsemennye. Angiospermae - (Monocotyledonae) - pokrovsemennye (odnodol'nye).1959. 406 p. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Akademiya nauk Gruzinskoy SSR, Tiflis. Institut lesa. 2. AN Gruzinskoy SSR (for Gulisashvili).
(Caucasus--Trees) (Caucasus--Shrubs)

COUNTRY : USSR
CATEGORY : Cultivated Plants, Higher Grasses and Poaceae.
AUTHOR : Zubov, A. I., 1959, No. 1701
TITLE :
SUBTITLE :
INSTITUTION : KRYLOV ROZ RUSK Pedagogical Inst.
JOURNAL : The Effect of Environmental Conditions on Subsequent Opening of Lucerne Seeds.
PUBLISHED : Moscow, Izd. Vsesoyuznaya Akad. Nauk, 1960, 1-2, pp. 2, 197-198
ABSTRACT : The effect of various storage conditions of seeds exposed to the free air in the absence of air, in nitrogen, under various humidity conditions and temperature on seedling was studied. Under storage of lucerne seeds in the presence or absence of air, in nitrogen, under various temperatures from +15 to -25°, the number of viable and sprouting hard lucerne seeds changed very little. The basic factor affecting seedling emergence is the air humidity. Heating of seeds in air at a temperature of 60° for 3 hours promoted the transition of hard

KONSTANTINOV, B.A. dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk; AYZENBERG, B.L., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk; KLEBANOV, L.D., kand.tekhn.nauk; NIKOGOSOV, S.N., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk; BARDIN, M.I., inzh.; KOROLEV, V.A., inzh.; PRINTSEV, A.A., inzh.; SOKOLOVA, K.I., inzh.; SHULYAT'YEVA, G.N., inzh.; ROZENBERG, B.I., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk [deceased]; BYKOV, N.G., inzh.; ZEYLIGER, A.N., inzh.; ZABRODINA, A.A., tekhn.red.

[Collected information data regarding the power factor ($\cos \varphi$)]
Sbornik informatsionnykh materialov po koeffitsientu moshchnosti ($\cos \varphi$). Pod red. B.A.Konstantinova. Moskva, Gos.energ.izd-vo, 1959. 141 p.
(MIRA 12:12)

1. Leningrad. Leningradskiy inzhenerno-ekonomicheskii institut.
2. Leningradskiy inzhenerno-ekonomicheskii institut (for Konstantinov, Ayzenberg, Klebanov, Nikogosov).
3. Energosbyt Lenenergo (for Bardin, Korolev, Printsev, Sokolova, Shulyat'yeva).
4. Leningradskiy politekhnicheskii institut (for Rozenberg).
5. Leningradskoye ot-deleniye instituta "Teploelektroproyekt" (for Bykov, Zeyliger).
(Electric engineering)

PRILUTSKIY, D.

Refrigerator cars equipped with overhead cooling tanks. Khol.
tekh. 37 no.1:43-46 Ja-F '60. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kholodil'noy
promyshlennosti.
(Refrigerator cars)

PRILUTSKIY, D.N., inzh.

Seminar of the Scientific and Technical Society of the Food Industry on
the exchange of work practices. Khol.tekh. 39 no.4:54-55 J1-Ag '62,
(MIRA 17:2)

PRILUTSKIY, D.N.

Scientific and technical conference on refrigeration.
Khol.tekh. 39 no.6:63-66 N-D '62. (MIRA 15:12)
(Refrigeration and refrigerating machinery)

PRILUTSKIY, David Naftulovich; MIKHAYLENKO, Yu.Ya., red.; ROSLOV, G.I., tekhn.red.

[Bibliography on refrigeration engineering for 1923-1955] Biblio-
graficheskii spravochnik po voprosam kholodil'noi tekhniki za 1923-
1955 gg. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo torg.lit-ry, 1956. 246 p.

(MIRA 14:7)

(Bibliography—Refrigeration and refrigerating machinery)

PRILUTSKIY, David Naftulovich; TSIPERSON, A.L., red.; MAMONTOVA, N.N.,
tekh.n.red.

[Bibliographic manual; refrigeration technology in trade and in
public food service, 1926-1959] Bibliograficheskii spravochnik.
Kholodil'naya tekhnika v torgovle i obshchestvennom pitanii,
1926-1959 gg. Moskva, Gostorgizdat, 1960. 61 p.

(MIRA 14:1)

(Bibliography--Refrigeration and refrigerating machinery)
(Bibliography--Food, Frozen)

PRILUTSKIY, David Nftulovich; YUDOVICH, N., red.; BABICHEVA, V.,
tekhn.red.

[Bibliography; research in the field of refrigeration
engineering, 1931-1958] Bibliograficheski spravochnik;
nauchnye issledovaniia v oblasti kholodil'noi tekhniki,
1931-1958 gg. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo torg.lit-ry, 1959.
119 p. (MIRA 13:2)
(Bibliography--Refrigeration and refrigerating machinery)

PRILUTSKIY, David Naftulovich.

[Refrigeration engineering in the meat industry; a bibliography, 1930-1956] Kholodil'naya tekhnika v miasnoi industrii; bibliograficheskii spravochnik, 1930-1956 g.g. Moskva, 1957. 77 p.

(MIRA 11:1)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Gosudarstvennyy planovyy komitet.
(Bibliography--Meat--Preservation)
(Bibliography--Refrigeration and refrigerating machinery)

PRILUTSKIY, A.A.

Clinical aspects of so-called collagen diseases. Vrach.delo no.10:
1091-1092 0 '59. (MIRA 13:2)

1. Terapevticheskoye otdeleniye (nauchnyy rukovoditel' - dotsent
I.S. Yanover) Chernovitskoy gorodskoy bol'nitsy No.1.
(COLLAGEN DISEASES)

USSR/General Problems. Methodology. History. Scientific Institutions and Conferences. Instruction. Questions Concerning Bibliography and Scientific Documentation

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 3, 1958, 6834

Author : D. Prilutskiy

Inst : All-Union Scientific Engineering Technical Society of Refrigerationists

Title : Part of Scientific-Technical Society in the Development of Refrigeration Technique

Orig Pub : Kholodil'naya tekhnika, 1957,³⁴ No 3, 38-39

Abstract : To the 40th anniversary of the Great October Socialist Revolution. A sketch of activities of the All-Union Scientific Engineering Technical Society of Refrigerationists. (since 1931).

Card 1/1

SHEVCHENKO, A. (UB5CLX) (Chernovtsy); BASOV, V. (Moskva); PRILUTSKIY, G. (Pyatigorsk); ARKHIPOV, Ye. (Bugul'ma); VYSOCHIN, V. (Moskovskaya obl.); PRIKHUNOV, I. (Moskovskaya obl.); OBLASCV, G. (Kiyev); SMIRNOV, Yu. (UA4YB) (Kanash); KHOKHLOV, B. (Moskva); KHALDEYEV, A. (Przheval'sk); SKOBELEV, I. (Primorskiy kray); PROSKUROV, V. (Irkutsk); DOBRYNIN, Yu. (g.Ivanovo /obl./)

Exchange of experience. Radio no.10:22,26,29,32,37,40,44,46,58
0 '64. (MIRA 18:2)

PRILUTSKIY, G. M.

Chem Sulfonation of unsaturated compounds. II. Sulfonation of acetylenic hydrocarbons. Mechanism of sulfonation with dioxane-sulfur trioxide. A. V. Dombrovskii and G. M. Prilutskii. J. Gen. Chem. U.S.S.R. 25, 1887-90 (1955) (Engl. translation).—See C.A. 50, 8450b.

E. M. R.

2

M. A. YOUTZ

2 copies

5002

RM *[initials]*

PRILUTSKIY, G.M.

Sulfonation of unsaturated compounds. II. Sulfonation of acetylenic hydrocarbons. Mechanism of sulfonation with dioxane-sulfur trioxide. A.V. Dombrowski and G.M. Prilutskiy (State Univ., Chernovtsy). *Zhur. Obshch. Khim.* 38:1049-7 (1965); cf. *Chem. Abstr.* 59:59c. The dioxane- SO_2 complex was prepd. (see *cit.*) from 4 g. SO_2 , 44 ml. dioxane and 160 ml. $(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2)_2\text{N}_2$. Into this was passed C_2H_2 (5.3 l.) at 30-40° with stirring; neutralization with aq. BaCO_3 and evapn. after filtration, gave 14 g. $(\text{HC}\equiv\text{CSO}_2)_2\text{Ba}$, followed by 25 g. $(\text{OHCCCH}_2\text{SO}_2)_2\text{Ba}$. The former with K_2SO_4 gave SO_2 , gave 39% $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{SO}_2\text{H}$, isolated as the Ba salt, $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{SO}_2\text{Ba}$, from 10.5 ml. dioxane and 9 g. SO_2 , the reaction being run at room temp., gave after 45 min. of reaction, followed by neutralization, 18.7 g. yellowish Ba salt $(\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{SO}_2)_2\text{Ba}$; the K salt was prepd. by exchange with K_2SO_4 . The Ba salt oxidized with KMnO_4 to BaSO_4 , while heating of the Ba salt with dil. HCl gave AcPh . Addn. of 22 g. dry dioxane in 22 ml. $(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2)_2\text{N}_2$ to 40 g. SO_2 in 200 ml. $(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2)_2\text{N}_2$ gave a ppt. of the complex, m. 60-70° (decomps. with exotherm at 100°); titration of a specimen with NaOH gave 0.11 g. SO_2 . Thus, the formula of the complex is $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{SO}_2\text{H}_2\text{O}$. The mechanism of the sulfonating action of this complex on acetylenes is believed to proceed through a cyclic intermediate such as $\text{O}_2\text{S}\cdot\text{CH}=\text{CH}\cdot\text{SO}_2\text{H}$, which with H_2O opens its ring yielding $\text{HO}_2\text{SCH}=\text{CHSO}_2\text{H}$, which on neutralization can form a cyclic Ba salt involving both the acidic protons, followed by cleavage to BaSO_4 and $\text{HO}_2\text{SCH}=\text{CHSO}_2\text{H}$, the latter rearranging to the final product, $\text{OHCCCH}_2\text{SO}_2\text{H}$. With very active H atoms being present in an acetylenic hydrocarbon, there is the 2nd possibility of direct sulfonation at this site.

G. M. Kosolapoff

USSR/Organic Chemistry. Synthetic Organic Chemistry.

E-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 6, 1957, 19223

Author : Kiprianov A. I., Prilutskiy G. M.

Inst :

Title : N-alkylphenazinones. IV.

Orig Pub: Ukr. khim. zh. 1956, 22, No 3, 359-362.

Abstract: It is shown, that at the alkylation of 10-ethylphenazinone-1 (I) and 9-ethylphenazinone-2 (II) quarternary salts (QS) of alkozyphenazines are formed. From the latter by oxidation in an alkaline solution are obtained 9-ethylalcoxyphenazinones-1 [3.36 g. II and 6 cc (CH₃)₂SO₄ in 40 cc C₆H₆ are boiled 15. min.; on cooling are obtained methyl sulfate of 2-methoxy -9-ethylphenazine (III), yield 94%, m.p. 185-186°; iodide, m.p. 182° (from 50% alc.). From II and CH₃I (tube 90°, 30 min.) the yield of iodide is 53%. From 2.24 g. II, 5 cc (C₂H₅)₂SO₄ in 30

Card : 1/4

USSR/Organic Chemistry. Synthetic Organic Chemistry.

E-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 6, 1957, 19223

cc toluene (boiling 25 min.) is obtained ethylsulfate of 2-ethoxy-9-ethylphenazine (IV), yield 90%; iodide, m.p. 204.5° (from water). From II and C_2H_5I (100°, 30 min.) yield of iodide is 37%. 2.24 g. I and 1.7g. $(CH_3)_2SO_4$ are heated 1 min. at 105° and washed with ether; yield of methylsulfate of 1-methoxy-10-ethylphenazine (V) is 55%; iodide, m.p. 189° (from 50% alc.). To a solution of 1.5 g. III in 500 cc water is added 1 g. Na_2CO_3 and is left standing in an open dish in direct sunlight for 8 hours, it is slightly alkalized, the products are extracted with $CHCl_3$ and chromatographed on Al_2O_3 ; II (crimson zone), m. p. 174°, and 3-methoxy-I (blue violet zone), yield 37%, m.p. 145-146° (from water) are isolated. From IV is obtained in an analogical way 3-ethoxy-I, yield 27%, m.p. 124-125° (from water). To a solution of 3.5g. III in 140

Card : 2/4

USSR/Organic Chemistry. Synthetic Organic Chemistry.

E-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 6, 1957, 19223

cc water are added 6.5 g. $K_3Fe(CN)_6$ and 22 cc of 10% solution of NaOH in drops. In 3 hours, analogically to 3-methoxy-I are isolated II and 2-methoxy-9-ethylphenazinone(VI), yield 36%, m.p. 223° (from alc.-benzene). The aqueous solution of V (from 4.5 g. I) is oxidized with 12g. $K_3Fe(CN)_6$ and 40 cc 10% NaOH, in 12 hours analogous to 3-methoxy-I are isolated: 1-methoxy-10-ethylphenazinone-3 (VII) (crimson zone), yield 32%, m.p. $250-251^\circ$; 1-methoxy-10-ethylphenazinone-6 (VIII) (red zone), yield 45%, m.p. 240° (from dioxane-ligr.); and I (blue zone), m.p. 187° . By heating I with $(C_2H_5)_2SO_4$ (125° , 20 min.) and oxidation of QS are obtained: 1-ethoxy-10-ethylphenazinone-3, yield 37%, m.p. 211° , and 1-ethoxy-10-ethylphenazinone-6, yield 46%, m.p. 195° . From 2.24 g. I and 4.9 g. $o-O_2NC_6H_4SO_2-OC_3H_7$ -n (120° , 30 min.) after oxidation QS are isolated, as described above, 1-n-propoxy-10-ethylphenazinone-3

Card : 3/4

PRILUTSKIY, G.M.

Simple method of obtaining 9-acetyl-9,10-dihydrophenazine and 9,10-diacetyl-9,10-dihydrophenazine. Ukr. khim. zhur. 24 no.4:489-490 '58.
(MIFA 11:10)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN USSR.
(Phenazine)

3 (3)

AUTHORS: Kiprianov, A. I., Prilutskiy, G. M. SOV/79-29-3-57/61

TITLE: Reaction of Phenazine and N-Phenazine Oxide With Organomagnesium Halide Compounds (Vzaimodeystviye fenazina i N-okisi fenazina s galoidmagniyorganicheskimi soyedineniyami)

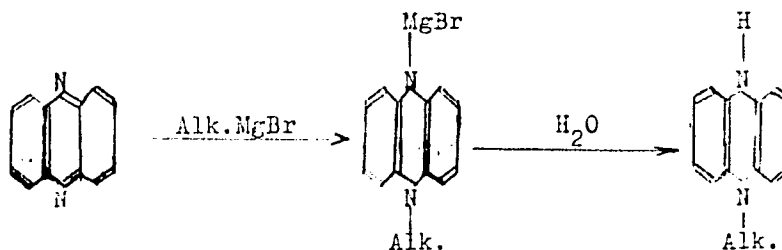
PERIODICAL: Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1959, Vol 29, Nr 3, pp 1020-1026 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Besides the reactions of the organomagnesium halide compounds with phenazine derivatives, their quaternary salts, "Flavinduline", et al, the reaction of the phenazine itself with the above mentioned magnesium compounds has hitherto not been investigated (Refs 1-4). Mikhaylov and Blokhin (Ref 4) affiliated lithium phenylate to phenazine and transformed the reaction product without precipitation by methyl iodide into the 9-methyl-10-phenyl-hydrophenazine (Scheme 1). The authors found that the alkyl magnesium bromides react with phenazine analogously to C_6H_5Li . In the case of action of water upon the affiliation product the 9-alkyl-9,10-dihydrophenazines were obtained.

Card 1/3

SCV/79-29-3-57/61

Reaction of Phenazine and N-Phenazine Oxide With Organomagnesium Halide Compounds



These dihydroderivatives which are unstable in air were not precipitated and transformed by the oxidation with diluted nitric acid into the corresponding quaternary phenazine salts (yield 39%). The dihydroderivatives are in alkaline solution transformed into the 9-alkyl-phenazinone-2 by potassium ferricyanide (50%) (Scheme 3). In order to obtain the above mentioned reaction the ratio Grignard reagent - phenazine has to be 2,5 mole: 1 mole. The reaction of phenazine with phenyl magnesium bromides differs from that with alkyl magnesium bromides (Scheme 4). The quaternary phenazine salts were synthesized as well by the reaction of the organomagnesium halide compounds with phenazine oxide, with subsequent decomposition of the reaction products

Card 2/3

Reaction of Phenazine and N-Phenazine Oxide With Organomagnesium Halide
Compounds

SOV/79-29-3-07/61

by mineral acid. Thus the perchlorate of N-phenyl phenazinium was obtained and in the case of its photochemical oxidation the 9-phenyl-phenazinone-2 (Scheme 6). Thus 9-alkyl-9,10-dihydrophenazines and the corresponding quaternary salts of phenazine were newly synthesized. There are 6 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Institut organicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk USSR (Institute of Organic Chemistry of the Academy of Sciences, Ukrainskaya SSR)

SUBMITTED: January 17, 1958

Card 3/3

KOST'YANOVSKIY, I.A.; PRILUTSKIY, G.Ya.; SHTERN, M.A.; GORELIK, G.N.;
REZKOVA, F.I.

Introducing a new method for the production of zinc oxide for
needs of the paint and other branches of industry. A.K.
Evdokimova, M.V. Potapov, A.K. Shakhnazarov. Remarks by I.A.
Kostianovskii and others. Authors' response. TSvet.met. 35
no.12:69-72 D '62. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Gosudarstvennyy institut po proyektirovaniyu predpriyatiy
nikelevoy promyshlennosti (for Kost'yanovskiy, Prilutskiy).
2. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i projektnyy
institut lakokrasochnoy promyshlennosti (for Shtern, Gorelik).
3. Gosudarstvennyy institut po proyektirovaniyu predpriyatiy
promyshlennosti tsvetnoy metallurgii (for Rezkoval).
(Zinc oxide) (Evdokimova, A.K.)
(Potapov, M.V.) (Shakhnazarov, A.K.)

PRILUTSKIY, I.I.

Investigating the performance of the two-worm inclined type
diffuser. Sakh.prom. 36 no.9:29-33 S '62. (MIRA 16:11)

PRILOUTSKIY, I.I.

Processes of the plasmolysis and leaching of cossetes in a single-column
diffuser. Sakh. prom. 35 no.2:21-26 P '61. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sakharnoy
promyshlennosti.

(Sugar manufacture) (Sugar beets)

GABOVICH, M.S., PRILUTSKIY, I.I.

Characteristics of the screw conveying system in battery diffusion cells. Sakh.prom. 34 no.7:28-30 J1 '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Kurskiy sovmarkhoz (for Gabovich) 2. Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sakharnoy promyshlennosti (for Prilutskiy). (Kshen (Kursk Province)—Sugar manufacture)

PRILUTSKIY, I.I.

Some properties of the transporting systems in continuous
diffusers. Sakh.prom. 34 no.1:17 Ja '60.

(MIRA 13:5)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sakharnoy
promyshlennosti.

(Diffusers)

PRILUTSKIY, I.I.

Comparative evaluation of the work of continuous diffusers.
Sakh. prom. 35 no.8:33-41 Ag '61. (MIRA 14:8)

1. Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sakharnoy promyshlennosti.
(Diffusers) (Sugar industry--Equipment and supplies)

PRILUTSKIY, I.I.

Study of the wear of rotary diffusers. Sakh. prom. 33 no.11:28-32
N '59. (MIRA 13:3)

1. Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sakharnoy pro-
myshlennosti (TsINS)
(Sugar machinery) (Diffusers)

PRILUTSKIY, I.I.

Investigating the operation of a single-column revolving diffuser.
Sakh. prom. 33 no.5:34-39 My '59. (MIRA 12:7)
(Sugar machinery) (Diffusers)

BRILLOVSKII, I.K.; POTIN, E.S.

Effect of escapes on the volume ratio of piston and rotary compressors. Trudy LPI no.249775-90 '65. (MIRA 18:9)

VALENTIN, A.A.; PRIBITSKIY, I.K.; POIN, B.S.

Experimental determination of temperatures of the working parts of piston compressors. Trudy LPI no.249:81-87 '65.

(CLASS 18:9)

L 2318-66 EPA/EWT(1)/EWP(f)/T-2 WW

ACCESSION NR: AT5023181

UR/2563/65/000/249/0075/0080

AUTHOR: Prilutskiy, I. K., Fotin, B. S.

33

B+1

TITLE: The effect of leaks on the volume coefficients of piston and rotary compressors

SOURCE: Leningrad. Politekhicheskiy institut. Trudy, no. 249, 1965. Teplovyye dvigateli i transportnyye mashiny (Heat engines and transport machines), 75-80

TOPIC TAGS: gas compressor, multistage compressor, gas pressure

ABSTRACT: The authors investigate theoretically the influence of internal leakage on the efficiency of various types of compressors. In the case of ordinary air compressors in good working order, the effects due to internal gas leakage are usually negligible. In the case of compressors with differential pistons, the effect of leakages may become significant and must be taken into account during the design of such devices. Internal gas leaks also affect the distribution of gas pressures over the various stages. These pressures can be corrected by appropriate calculations of the true intake of gas. Orig. art. has: 28 formulas and 1 figure.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy politekhicheskiy institut im. M. I. Kalinina (Leningrad Polytechnic Institute)

Card 1 2

L 2318-66
ACCESSION NR: AT5023181

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: PR

NO REF SOV: 005

OTHER: 000

PRILUTSKIY, L.L.

The EVC-4I and EKG-8I excavators. Biul. tekhn.-ekon. inform.
Gos. nauch.-issl. inst. nauch. i tekhn. inform. 18 no. 12:
7-9 D '65. (MIRA 19:1)

PRILUTSKIY, M.A.

PRILUTSKIY, M.A., dokent, kand.ekon.nauk; PRILUTSKIY, Isail
L'vovich, dokent, kand.ekon.nauk; KLINIKIY, Yuriy Fedorovich,
staryshiy prepodavatel'; DOLITSKIY, Ye.I., prof., doktor ekon.nauk,
retsentsent; CHEKREZOV-TSEIKOV, A.A., staryshiy prepodavatel';
retsentsent; PRILAV, A.S., dokent, kand.tekhn.nauk, retsentsent;
KROGLAKO, N.K., inzh., retsentsent; KLOTUKHIN, Ye.A., staryshiy
red., v redaktsionnykh prikladnykh uchastiyakh; OGAYOV, N.K., dokent,
red.; DINGKAI, V.Kh., inzh., red.; MARTIROSOV, A.Ye., inzh., red.;
KAR'KOV, O.I., staryshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik, red.; KRASHINSKIY,
V.G., dokent, kand.ekon.nauk, red.; OZHENKO, Ye.S., inzh., red.;
MURAVLEV, O.G., inzh., red.; PRILUTSKIY, M.A., inzh., red.;
KANTON, L.M., dokent, kand.ekon.nauk, red.; KUS'KIN, V.P., inzh.,
red.; FILIPPOV, K.D., red., KERNOFONTOVA, Ye.P., red. ied-va; TIKHO-
NOVA, Ye.A., tekhn.red.

[Economics of water transportation] Ekonomika morskogo transporta.
Pod obshchey red. Ye.A. Selezukhina. Moskva, Izd-vo "Morskoi transport".
1959. 391 p. (MIRA 13:1)

(Shipping—Finance)

L 8911-65 EWT(m)/T IJP(e)/AFMDC/RAEM(b)/ESD(b)/AEIC(b)/AS(imp)-2/ESD(ge)

ACCESSION NR: AT4013983

S/3070/63/000/000/0152/0156

AUTHOR: Gall', R. N.; Podkopayeva, N. G.; Prilutskiy, R. Ye.; Tyutikov, A. M.; (B)
Shereshevskiy, A. M.

TITLE: An ion counter 19

SOURCE: Novyya mashiny i pribory dlya ispytaniya metallov. Sbornik statey.
Moscow, Metallurgizdat, 1963, 152-156

TOPIC TAGS: ion counter, ion current channel, mass spectrometer, ion channel
sensitivity, ion counter design, ion current measurement 0, 11

ABSTRACT: Noting that one of the fundamental problems in the development of mass-spectrometric equipment is the need to increase the measurement sensitivity for ion currents (which does not exceed $2 \cdot 10^{-15}$ amperes in conventional mass-spectrometers), the authors announce the development of an ion counter which permits a 1000-fold increase in the sensitivity of the ion current measuring channel. A simplified block diagram of the ion counter (see Fig. 1 in the Enclosure), the design of an ion receiver and an electron multiplier with measuring unit are illustrated. Three procedures are described for the use of this counter in measuring ion currents. In the first method, as in the conventional mass spectrometer, the lower test limit for ion currents is fixed by the fluctuations and drift of the

Card 1/5

L 8911-65

ACCESSION NR: AT4013983

electrometric amplifier, the level of which corresponds to an ion current of $2 \cdot 10^{-15}$ amperes. The second method - the measurement of the integral value of the current at the output of the electron multiplier - provides a test range for ion currents extending from 10^{-10} to 10^{-18} amperes with a multiplier gain factor of 10^6 . The third procedure calls for the ion current to be measured according to the mean repetition frequency of the pulses, created by the individual ions, at the multiplier output. In this case, the recommended test range is 10^{-15} - 10^{-18} amperes. The operation of the test circuit with the electron multiplier is described in detail. The pulse amplifier contains a pulse-shaping stage, three voltage-boosting stages and a cathode follower at the output. Maximum gain of the pulse amplifier is $3 \cdot 10^4$; amplitude characteristic nonlinearity up to an output voltage of 150 volts is not more than 2%, and gain factor instability after 8 hours of continuous operation is less than 2%. The differential analyzer is briefly described; the time constant of the intensimeter integrating network is said to be 1 second. A 16-stage linear electron multiplier with electrostatic focussing is used in the ion counter. The dynode activation method employed provides high gain together with high stability. The ion counter was tested on a MI1306 mass-spectrometer with a central trajectory radius of the ion beam of 300 mm. An error range below 2% was confirmed in the measurement of abundance ratios for Hg and Xe isotopes. Orig. art. has 4 graphs and 1 table.

Card 2/5

L 8911-65

ACCESSION NR: AT4913983

ASSOCIATION: Spetsial'noye konstruktorskoye byuro analiticheskogo priborostro-
yeniya (Special Design Bureau for Analytic Instrumentation)

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 02

SUB CODE: NP

NO REF SOV: 001

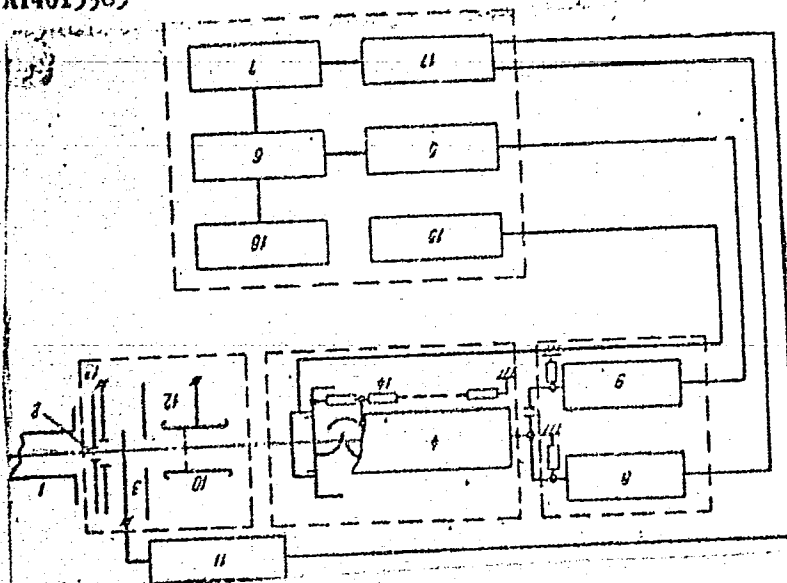
OTHER: 001

Card 3/5

L 8911-65

ACCESSION NR: AT4013983

ENCLOSURE: 01



Card 4/5

L 8911-55

ACCESSION NR: AT4013983

ENCLOSURE: 02

Citation to Fig. 1.

Fig. 1. Simplified block diagram of ion counter

1-analyzer chamber, 2-ion receiver aperture, 3-traversing collector, 4-electron multiplier, 5-impulse amplifier, 6-analyzer, 7-rate meter, 8-electrometric cascade II, 9-cathode follower, 10-retarding electrode, 11-electrometric cascade I of DC amplifier, 12-grounded screen, 13-antidynatron electrode, 14-voltage divider, 15-multiplier power unit, 16-counter, 17-DC amplifier unit

Card 5/5

PRILUTSKIY, S.

Conference of experts in legal medicine and forensio chemistry.
Zdrav. Bel. 6 no.12:67 D '60. (MIRA 14:1)
(MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE) (CHEMISTRY, LEGAL)

PRILUTSKIY, S.

All-Union Conference of Medicolegal Experts. Zdrav.Belor. 3
no.10:79 0 '57. (MIRA 13:6)
(MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE--CONGRESSES)

PRILUTSKIY, S.

Meeting of chief experts in legal medicine. Zdrav. Belor. 6 no.3:
75 Mr '60. (MIRA 13:5)

(MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE)

PRILUTSKIY, S.A. (Moskva)

Death in water. Sud.-med.ekspert. 6 no.2:24-27 Ap-Je'63.
(MIRA 16:7)

(DEATH--CAUSES) (WATER--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

PRILUTSKIY, S.A.

Review of O. Elacic' book "Case of death due to the suction
of a man's body into the motor of jet airplane". (In French)
Sud.-med. ekspert. 6 no.4:57-58 O-D'63 (MIRA 16:12)

PRILUTSKIY, S.A., dotsent; GORELYSHEVA, A.Ye., assistant

Diagnosis of stabbing and cutting wounds of the cranium. Zdrav. Belor.
5 no.11:22-26 N '59. (MIRA 13:3)

1. Byuro sudebnomeditsinskoy ekspertizy Ministerstva zdravookhra-
neniya BSSR (nachal'nik byuro - S.A. Prilutskiy).
(SKULL--WOUNDS AND INJURIES)

PRILUTSKIY, S.A.

Activity of the Problem Commission of the Scientific Research
Institute of Forensic Medicine of the Ministry of Public Health
of the U.S.S.R. Sud.-med. ekspert. 8 no.2:12-15 Ap-Je '65.
(MIRA 18:8)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sudebnoy meditsiny (dir.--
prof. V.I. Prozorovskiy) Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR,
Moskva.

PRILUTSKIY, S.A., dotsent; BASINA, Kh.Ya.

Some peculiarities of the course of mechanical asphyxia and possibilities of resuscitation. Zdrav. Bel. 5 no.5:29-31 My '59. (MIRA 12:8)
(ASPHYXIA)

S/121/61/000/004/005/008
D040/D113

AUTHORS: Chalyy-Prilutskiy, A. A., and Prilutskiy, V. A.

TITLE: A two-coordinate converter for studying the vibration of cutters

PERIODICAL: Stanki 1 instrument³² no. 4, 1961, 26-27

TEXT: A new two-coordinate converter developed at the Kuybyshevskiy industrial'nyy institut (Kuybyshev Industrial Institute) for experimental work on the vibration of cutters directly on machine tools under both laboratory and workshop conditions, is described. It makes possible the recording of vibrations along two axes simultaneously, it is simple in design and handy, and may be installed in ordinary tool holders of any lathe-type machine tool. The converter is shown in plan view and from the rear side of the machine tool (Fig. 1 and 2, respectively). It consists of horizontal (1) and vertical (2) pickups of similar design. The converter frame (4) fixed on the cutter is connected to the pickups by leaf springs (3). The springs allow the pickups to operate independently of one another, whilst the vertical and horizontal cutter vibrations are simultaneously changing.

Card 1/3

A two-coordinate converter ...

S/121/61/000/004/005/008
D040/D113

Vibration on only one axis can be measured separately. The operational principle is as follows: the frame (4) vibrating with the cutter moves the rods (5) and (6) thus changing the gap (Δ) between the plates and consequently also the capacitances of the pickups. The varying capacitance is transformed into voltage or current, amplified in a two-channel amplifier, and recorded on a tape. Dial drums (7) are used for adjusting the gap between the plates and for static calibration of the converter. The plates are insulated from the guide bushings (8) of the drums by three bushings (9, 10 and 11). A terminal block is installed on the tool holder for connecting the converter to the amplifier, and the capacitance plates are connected to the terminal block. The design of the converter eliminates the possibility of chips falling into the pickups. The converter has been tested and proved dependable and accurate in a wide amplitude and frequency range. There are 2 figures. [Abstracter's note: Essentially complete translation].

Card 2/3

PRILUTSKY, V.I.

Forms of morphophysiological readjustment of the adrenal cortex
under the effect of a strong "stressor" and high ACTH doses.
Farm. i toks. 27 no.3:339-342 My-Je '64.

(MIRA 18:4)

1. Tsentral'naya nauchno-issledovatel'skaya laboratoriya (zav,
I.M.Sape'kina) II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni
Pirogova.

PRILUTSKIY, V.S.

Chemical characteristics and cyclicity of magmatic phenomena in
the Krasnovodsk region. Izv. AN Turk. SSR. Ser. fiz.-tekhn., khim. i
geol. nauk no. 3: 118-120 '63. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Institut geologii AN Turkmen'skoy SSR.

PRILUTSKIY, Yu., agronom.

Awakened virgin lands. IUn. nat. no.10:10-11 O '58.

(Kazakhstan--Tillage)

(MIRA 11:10)

PRILUTSKIY, YU. M.

20050 PRILUTSKIY, YU. M. Zamenitili vysokoolovyanistykl babbitor v avtoremontnom dele. sakhar. prom-st', 1949, No. 6, s. 40-42.

SO: LETOPIS ZHURNAL STATEY, Vol. 27, Moskva, 1949.

1. PRILUTSKIY, Yu. M. - YURKOVSKIY, N. P.
2. USSR (600)
4. Automobiles - Maintenance
7. Operating an automobile for 200,000 kilometers without major repair.
Sakh, prom.26 no. 11, 1952

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 1953, Unclassified.

PRILYUK, Nikolay Vital'yevich; KUZ'MINOV, A.I., red.

[Transistor pocket radio] Karmannyi radiopriemnik na tranzistorakh. Moskva, Izd-vo "Energia," 1964. 29 p. (Massovaia radiobiblioteka, no.515) (MIRA 17:5)